## Prescribing information

## SmofKabiven® Peripheral (amino acids, electrolytes, glucose, lipid emulsion) Emulsion for Infusion

SmofKabiven® Peripheral emulsion for infusion. Consult the Summary of Product Characteristics for full information. Additional Information is available on request. Active ingredients: 1904ml bag Amino acid solution with electrolytes 600ml, Glucose 13% 1036ml, Lipid emulsion 268ml - corresponding to: Soya-bean oil, (refined) 16.1g, Medium-chain triglycerides 16.1g, Olive oil, refined 13.4g, Fish oil, rich in omega-3 fatty acids 8.0g, Glucose (as monohydrate) 135g, Alanine 8.4g, Arginine 7.2g, Glycine 6.6g, Histidine 1.8g, Isoleucine 3.0g, Leucine 4.4g, Lysine (as acetate) 4.0g, Methionine 2.6g, Phenylalanine 3.1g, Proline 6.7g, Serine 3.9g, Taurine 0.6g, Threonine 2.6g, Tryptophan 1.2g, Tyrosine 0.24g, Valine 3.7g, Calcium chloride (as dihydrate) 0.34g, Sodium Glycerophosphate (as hydrate) 2.5g, Magnesium sulphate (as heptahydrate) 0.72g, Potassium chloride 2.7g, Sodium acetate (as trihydrate) 2.0g, Zinc sulphate (as heptahydrate) 0.008g Indications: Parenteral nutrition for adults and children aged 2 years and above when oral or enteral nutrition is impossible, insufficient or contraindicated. Dosage and administration: Intravenous infusion into a peripheral or central vein. The dose should be individualised to the patient's clinical condition, body weight (bw) and nutritional requirements. Adults - The dose range of 20 - 40ml/kg bw/day covers the needs of the majority of patients. In obese patients the dose should be based on the estimated ideal weight. The recommended maximum daily dose is 40ml/kg bw/day. The infusion rate should not exceed 3.0ml/kg body weight/hour (corresponding to 0.21g glucose, 0.10g amino acids, and 0.08g lipids/kg bw/hour). The recommended infusion period is 14 - 24 hours. Children (2-11 years) - The infusion rate should not exceed 3.0ml/kg bw/hour (corresponding to 0.10g amino acids, 0.21g glucose and 0.08g lipids/kg bw/hour). The recommended infusion period is 12 - 24 hours. Recommended maximum daily dose is 40ml/

kg bw/day. If using maximum daily dose, dose should be infused during a period of at least 13 hours. Adolescents - SmofKabiven Peripheral can be used as in adults. To provide total parenteral nutrition, trace elements, vitamins and possibly electrolytes should be added to SmofKabiven Peripheral according to the patient's need. Contraindications: Hypersensitivity to fish, egg, soya or peanut protein or to any of the active substances or excipients, severe hyperlipidaemia, severe liver insufficiency, severe blood coagulation disorders, congenital errors of amino acid metabolism, severe renal insufficiency without access to haemofiltration or dialysis, acute shock, uncontrolled hyperglycaemia, pathologically elevated serum levels of any of the included electrolytes, general contraindications to infusion therapy (acute pulmonary oedema, hyperhydration, decompensated cardiac insufficiency), haemophagocytotic syndrome, unstable conditions, infants and children under 2 years of age. Special warnings and precautions for use (see SmPC for full details): Use with caution in conditions of impaired lipid metabolism, in patients with a tendency towards electrolyte retention, in lactic acidosis, increased serum osmolarity and insufficient cellular oxygen supply. Contains soya-bean oil, fish oil and egg phospholipids which may rarely cause allergic reactions. Cross allergic reaction has been observed between soya-bean and peanut. Use a continuous and well-controlled infusion. Strict aseptic precautions should be taken. Electrolyte and fluid balance disturbances should be corrected prior to infusion. Special clinical monitoring is required at the beginning of any infusion and should any abnormal sign occur (including anaphylactic reaction), the infusion must be stopped. Carefully control phosphate and potassium intake in patients with renal insufficiency. Monitor triglyceride levels (serum concentration should not exceed 4mmol/l during infusion), serum glucose,

electrolytes, osmolarity, fluid balance, acid-base status and liver enzyme tests. When lipids are given for a longer period, monitor blood cell count and coagulation. Lipid content may interfere with certain laboratory measurements if blood sampled before lipid clearance. Consider trace element dosing as intravenous infusion of amino acids is accompanied by increased urinary excretion of trace elements, in particular copper and zinc. Careful and slow initiation is recommended in malnourished patients with close monitoring and appropriate dose adjustments. Do not administer with blood in the same infusion set. Exogenous insulin may be necessary in patients with hyperglycaemia. No clinical experience in children (aged 2 to 16/18 years). Thrombophlebitis may occur if peripheral veins are used for infusions. Undesirable effects: Common -Thrombophlebitis, slight increase in body temperature. Uncommon Lack of appetite, nausea, vomiting, elevated plasma levels of liver enzymes, chills, dizziness, headache. Rare - Tachycardia, dyspnoea, hypotension, hypertension, hypersensitivity reactions, heat or cold sensation, paleness, cyanosis, pain in the neck, back, bones, chest and loins. Other adverse reactions can occur (including fat overload syndrome), see SmPC for details. Legal Category: POM Marketing Authorisation Number: UK - PL 08828/0213, IE - PA 2059/061/002 Marketing Authorisation Holder: UK - Fresenius Kabi Limited, Cestrian Court, Eastgate Way, Manor Park, Runcorn, Cheshire, WA7 1NT, UK. IE - Fresenius Kabi Deutschland GmbH, Else-Kroener Strasse 1, Bad Homburg v.d.H. 61352, Germany. Package Size and Cost: 1904ml bag £63.84. Further information: Available from Fresenius Kabi Limited, Cestrian Court, Eastgate Way, Manor Park, Runcorn, Cheshire, WA7 1NT. Tel +44 (0)1928 533 533. Date of preparation: February 2021, API/SK-Peripheral-01

